

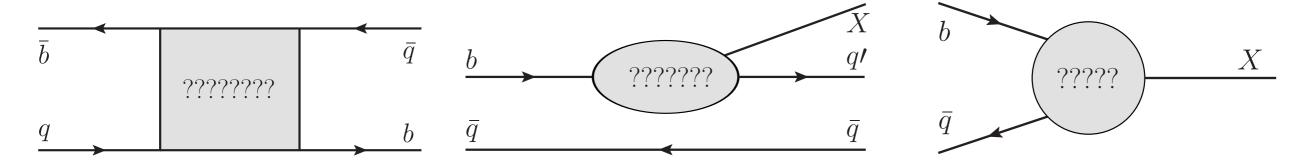


### **LHCb Overview**



LHCb is performing precise tests of the SM, and searching for physics beyond the SM, by studying rare and CP-violating decays of b and c hadrons.

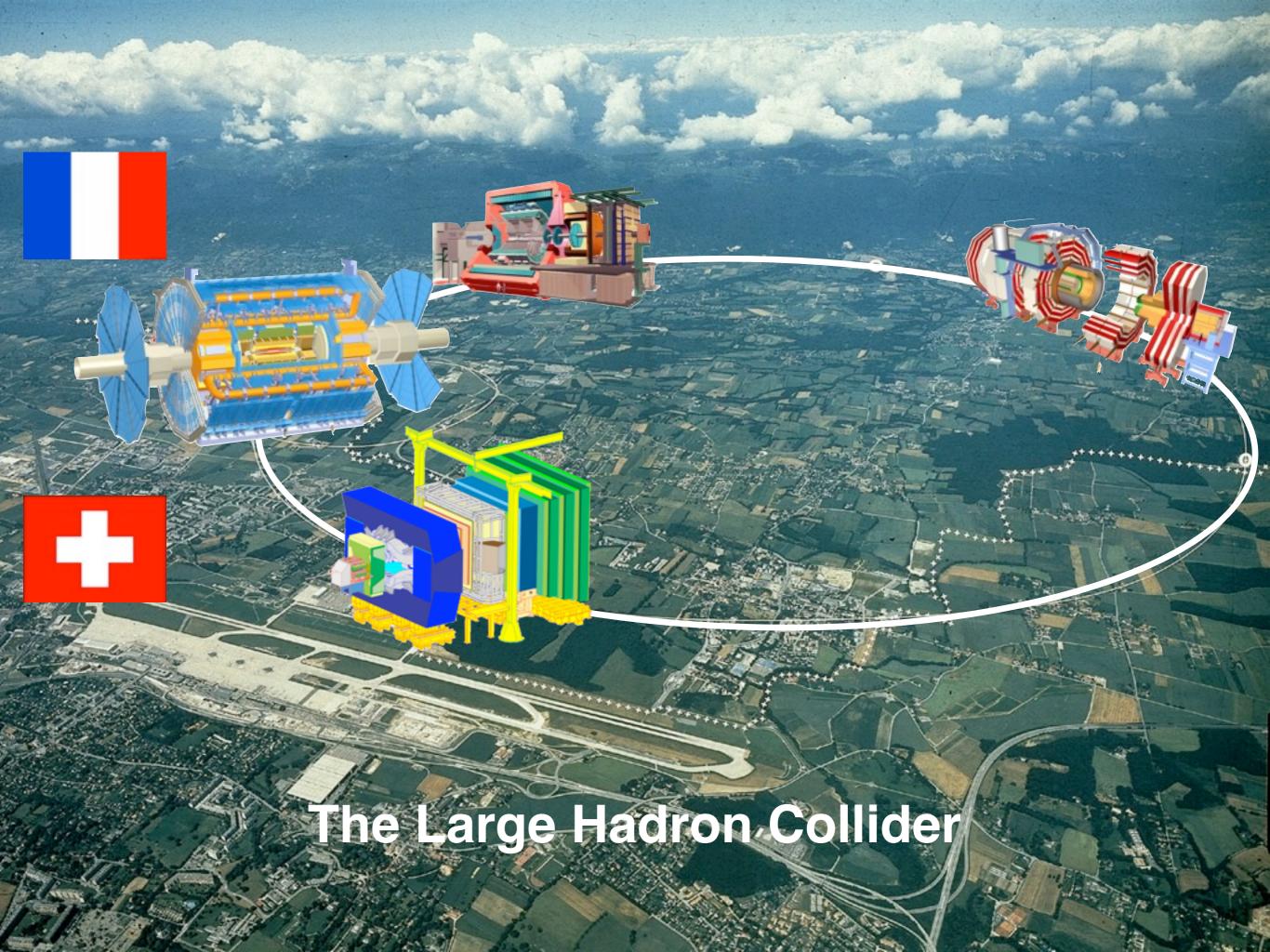
There are no tree-level FCNCs in the SM; FCNCs require loops.



TeV-scale particles can make significant contributions here:

- $\Delta |\mathcal{A}|$  : compare Br vs SM;
- ♦ Δφ : compare φ vs SM or from trees vs loops;
- Lorentz structure: compare angular distributions vs SM.

LHCb is also doing W,Z,t,..., physics, studying exotic spectroscopy, searching for rare τ decays, etc, etc, etc. We now have over 170 papers!





## Flavor Physics @ the LHC

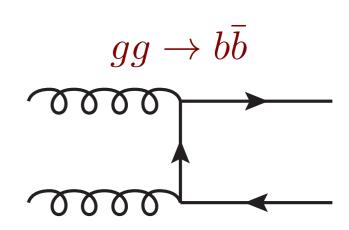


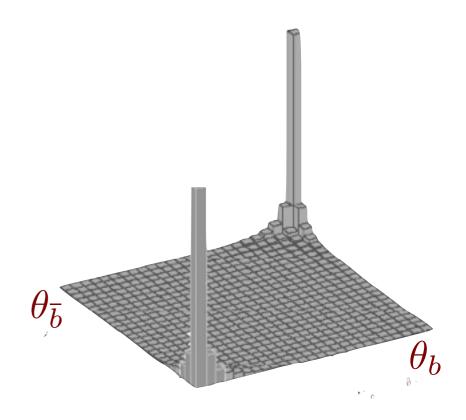
#### Advantages of B physics @ the LHC:

- Large cross section;
- Access to all b-flavored hadrons;
- large b-hadron flight distances O(1 cm).

#### Challenges of B physics @ the LHC:

- High track multiplicity;
- ❖ BKGD rate ~200x bigger than signal rate!





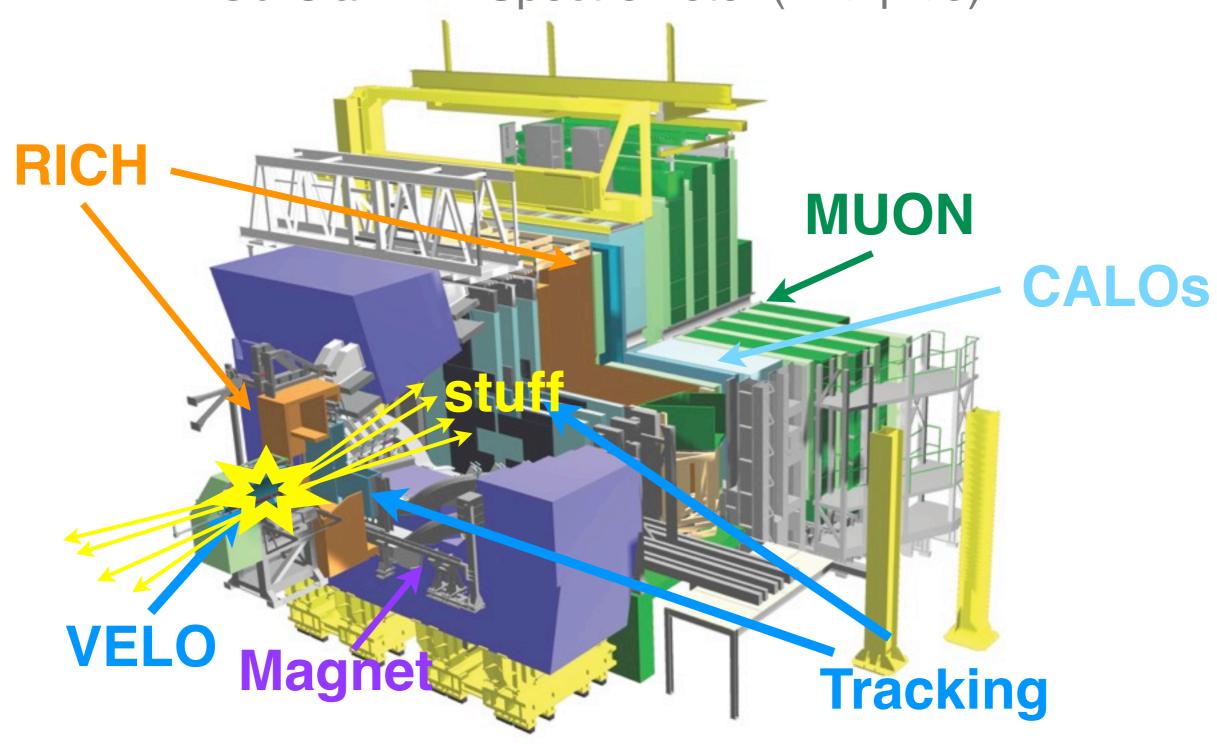
One trillion bb pairs produced @ LHCb so far!



### **LHCb Detector**



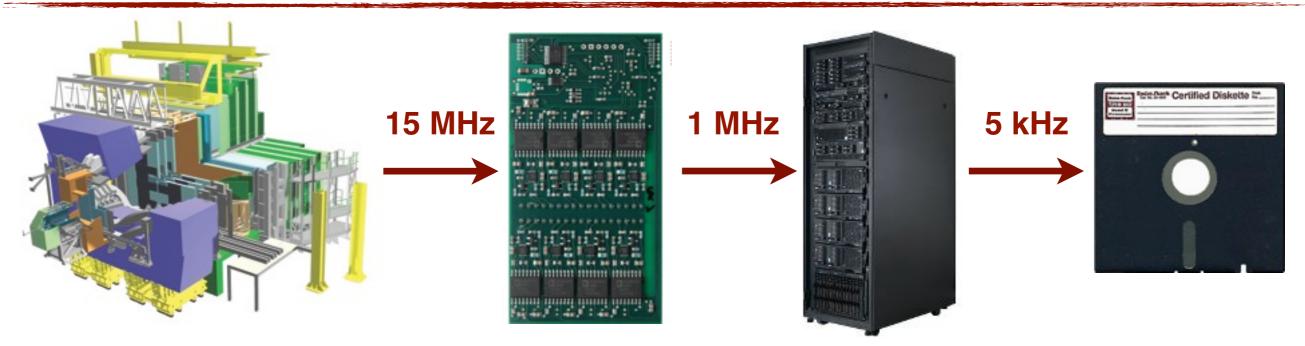
LHCb is a FWD Spectrometer (2 <  $\eta$  < 5)





## LHCb Trigger





We can "only" read out the detector at 1 MHz; thus, a hardware trigger is required. The basic trigger strategy is

- hardware requires "large" ET in CALOs or "large" PT in the muon stations, along with low multiplicity;
- ❖ software runs ~30k PROCs (giving it 30 ms/event) to reduce the rate by ~200. It uses a combo of simple and inclusive BDT-based selections to produce a nearly 100% pure bb sample.

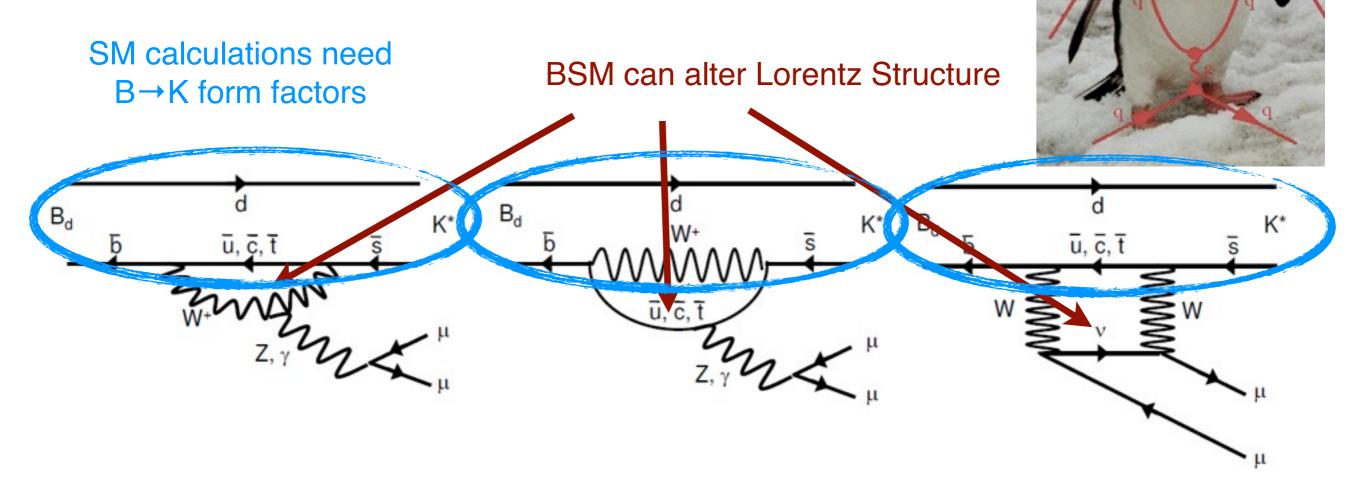
LHCb-DP-2012-004 [arXiv:1211.3055] V.Gligorov & MW, JINST 8, P02013 (2013). [arXiv:1210.6861]



# b → s Penguins



The b → s "penguin" (FCNC) decays are an excellent laboratory for looking for BSM physics. The loop suppression in the SM makes it possible for BSM contributions to have sizable effects.



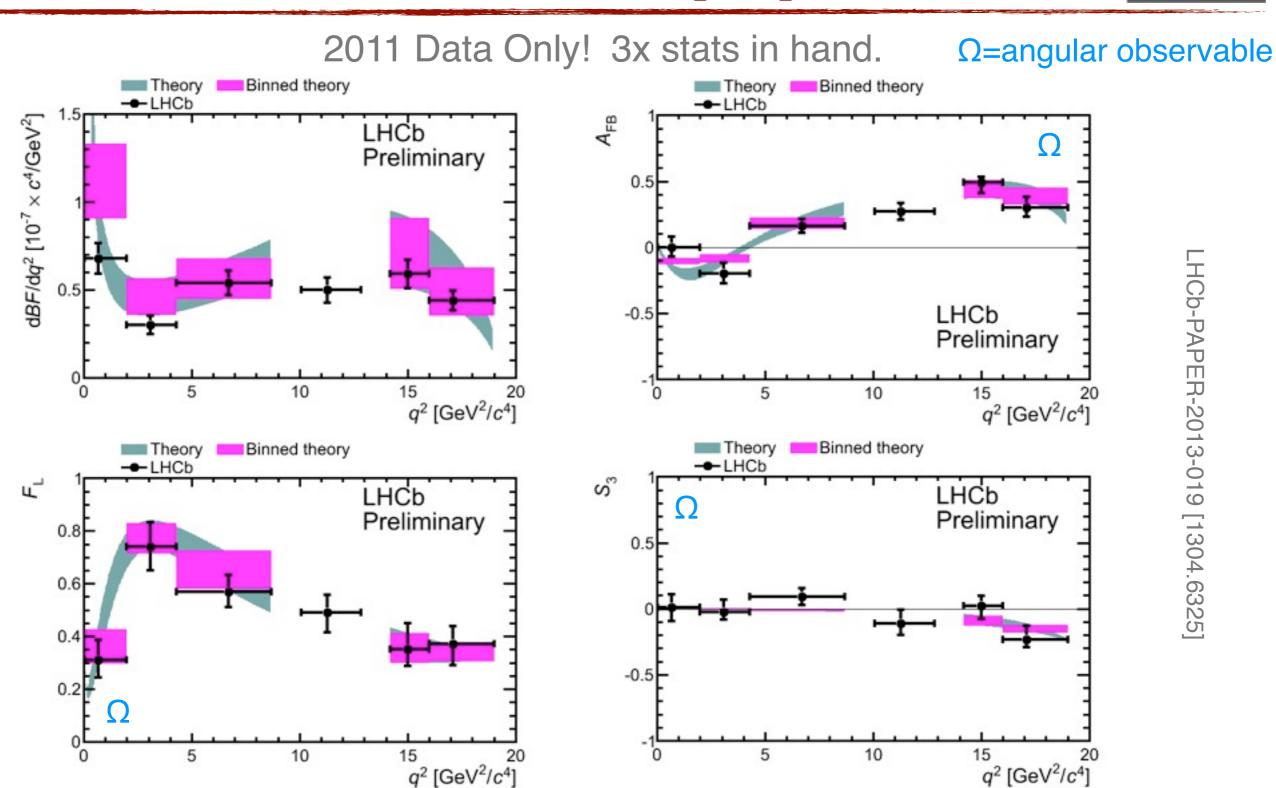
The B(s)  $\rightarrow$  K( $\phi$ )µµ family of decays are all accessible at LHCb and provide many sensitive observables (accessible via angular analysis) to measure.



## + Κ\*μ+μ-



LHCb-PAPER-2013-019 [1304.6325]



Requires NP > ~15-50 TeV in (sb)<sub>V-A</sub>( $\mu\mu$ ) for unit couplings!

Bobeth, Hiller, van Dyk, Wacker [1111.2558]



LHCb stats > all previous

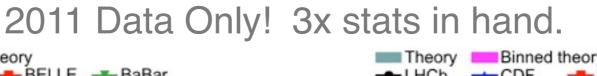
experiments combined

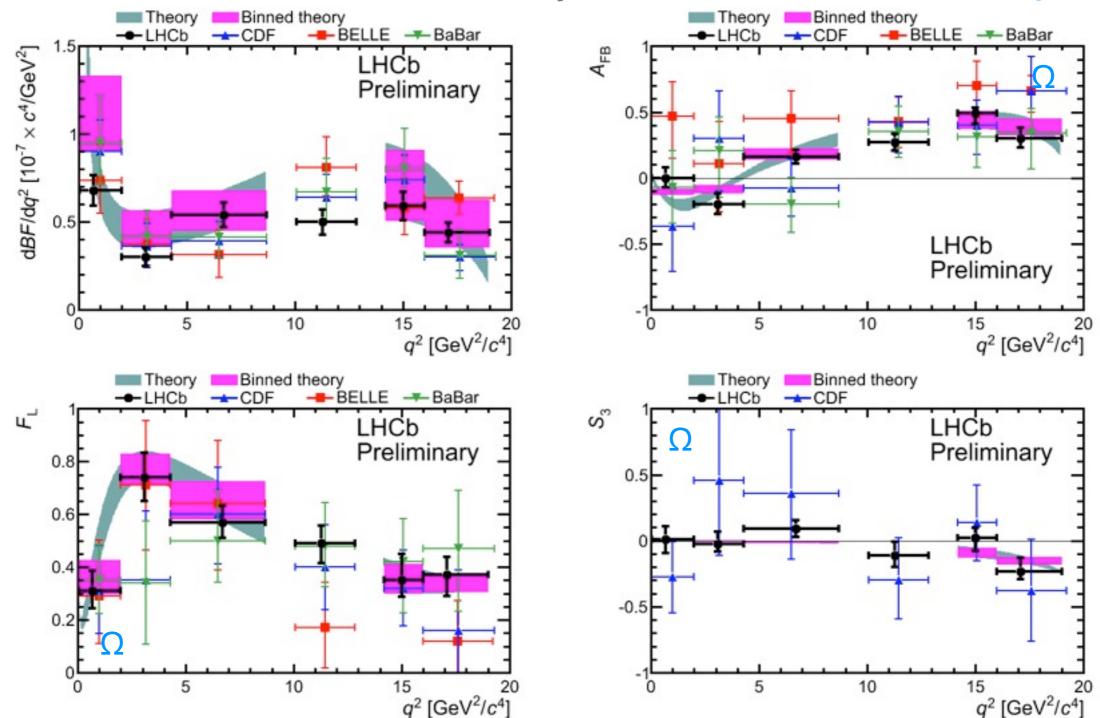
## $B_d \rightarrow K^*\mu^+\mu^-$



LHCb-PAPER-2013-019 [1304.6325]

Ω=angular observable





Requires NP > ~15-50 TeV in (sb)<sub>V-A</sub>( $\mu\mu$ ) for unit couplings!

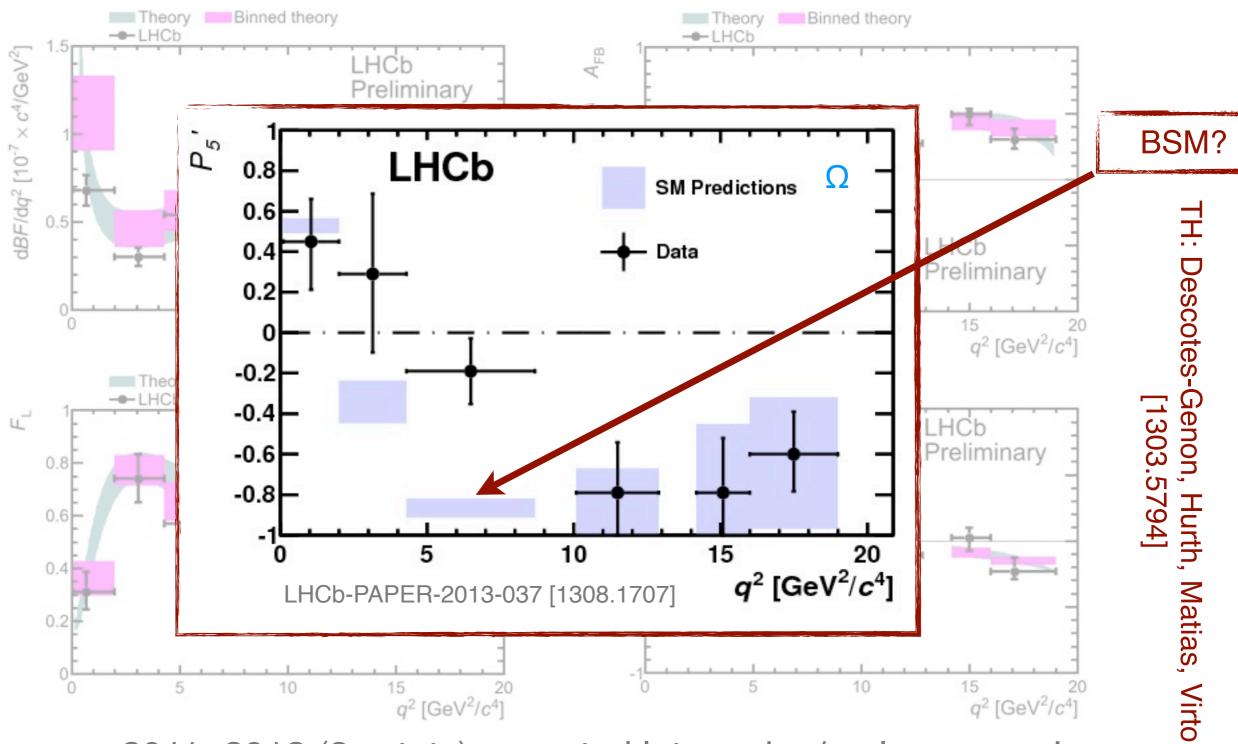
Bobeth, Hiller, van Dyk, Wacker [1111.2558]



# $B_d \rightarrow K^*\mu^+\mu^-$



#### New more theoretically precise observable:



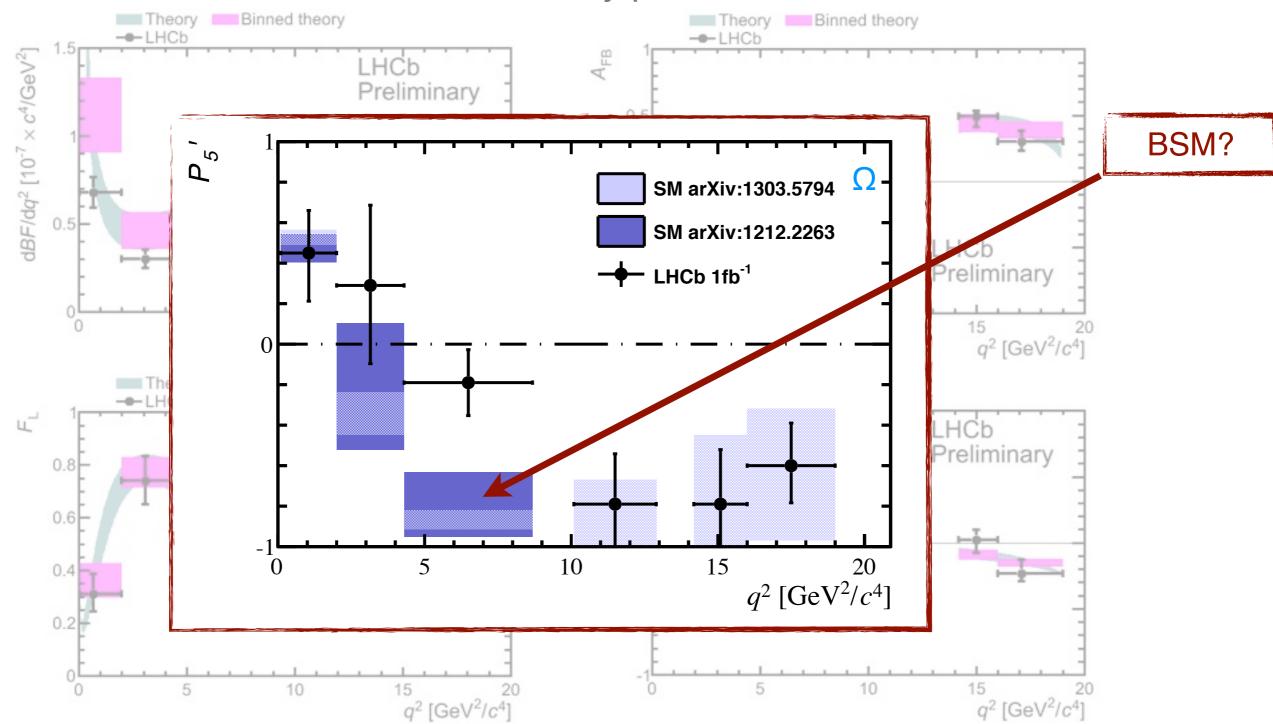
2011+2012 (3x stats) expected late spring/early summer!



# $B_d \rightarrow K^*\mu^+\mu^-$



#### New more theoretically precise observable:



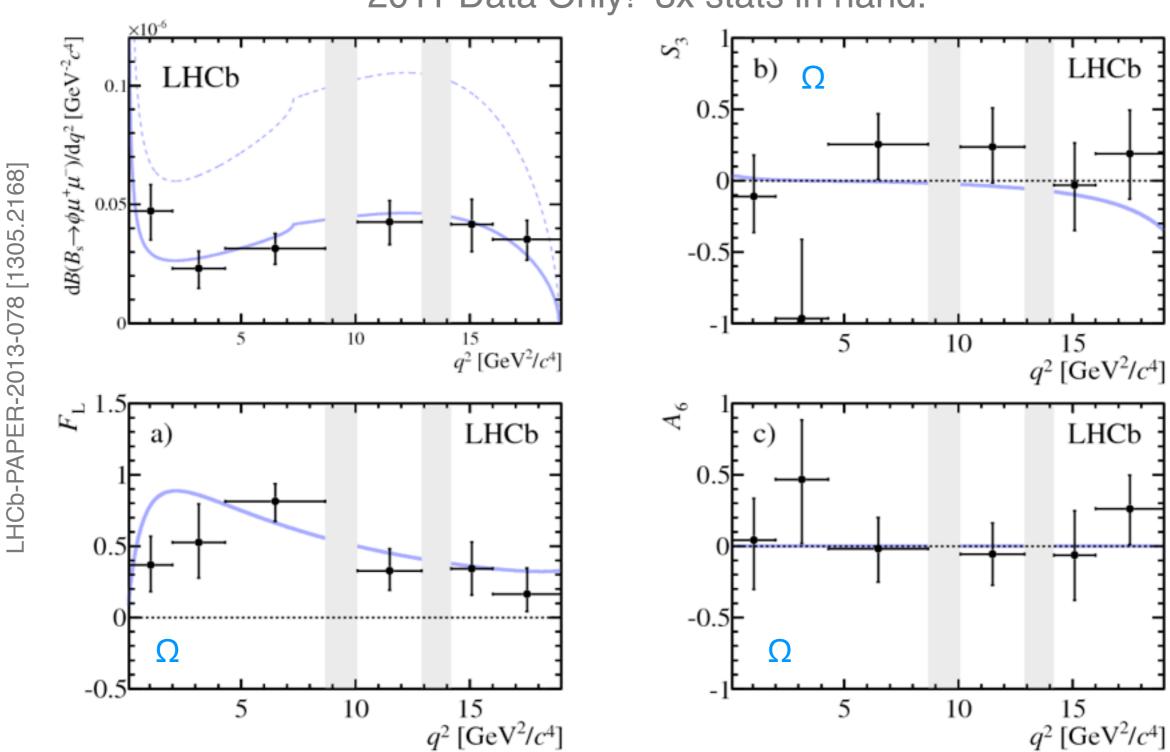
2011+2012 (3x stats) expected late spring/early summer!



## $B_s \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$



2011 Data Only! 3x stats in hand.



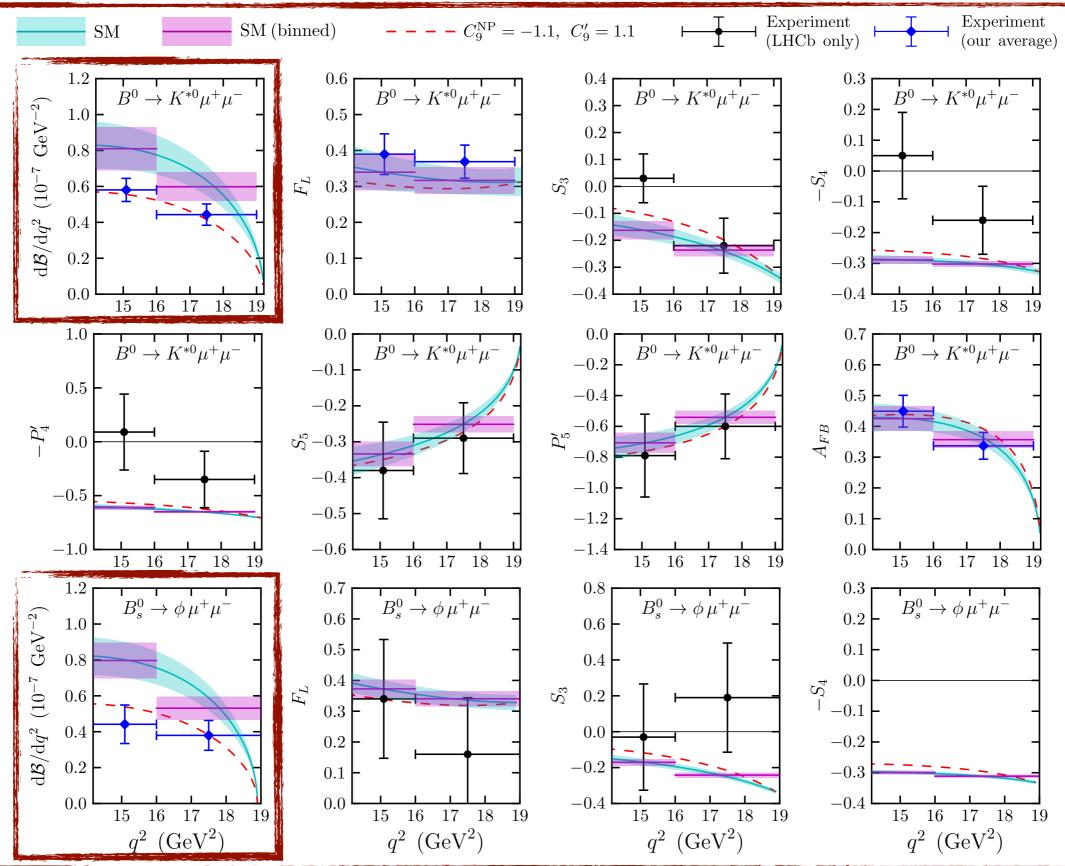
2011+2012 (3x stats) expected later this year!



Horgan, Liu, Meinel, Wingate [1310.3887]

## $b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-$







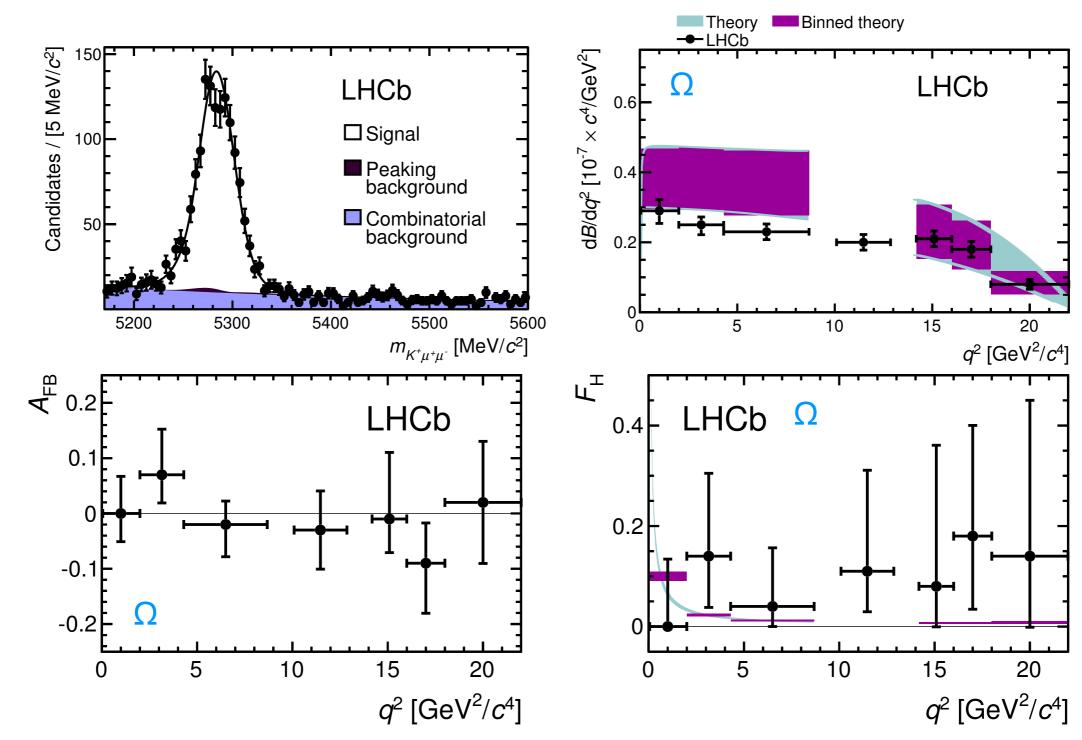
LHCb-PAPER-2012-024 [1209.4284]

## $B_d \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$



Bobeth, Hiller, van Dyk, Wacker [1111.2558]

2011 Data Only! 3x stats in hand.



Recent LQCD Work: Bouchard, Lepage, Monahan, Ha, Shigemitsu [1306.0434]

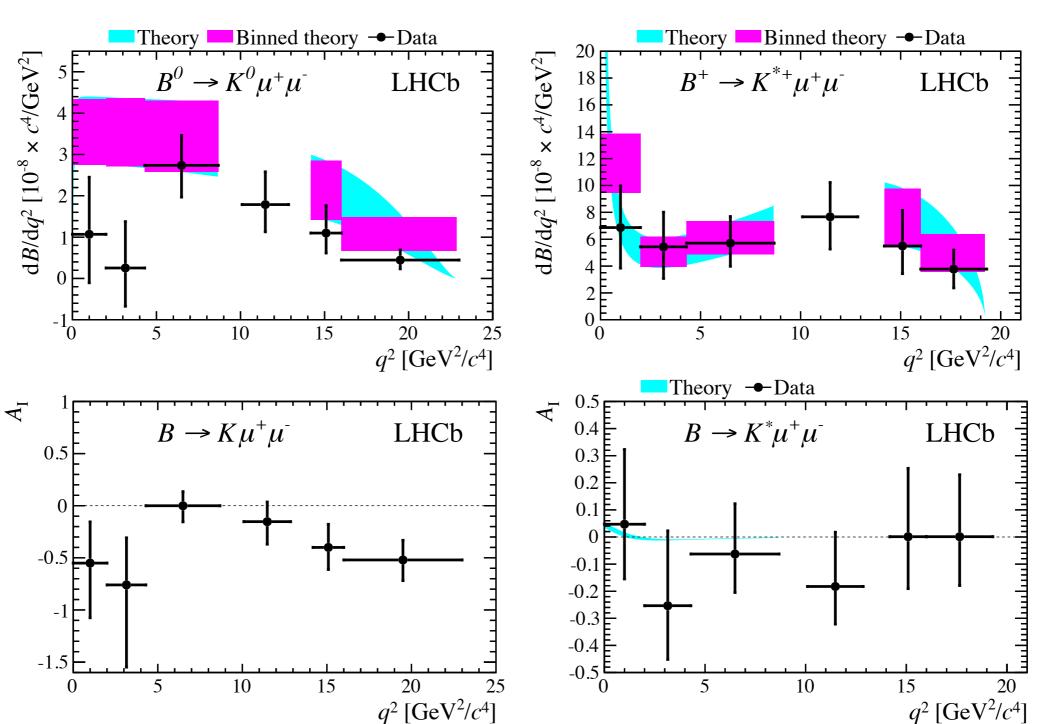


LHCb-PAPER-2012-011 [1205.3422]

# $B_d \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^-$



2011 Data Only! 3x stats in hand.

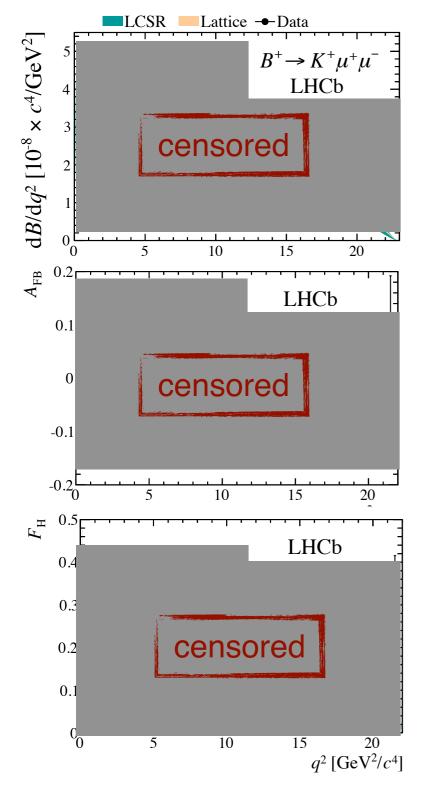


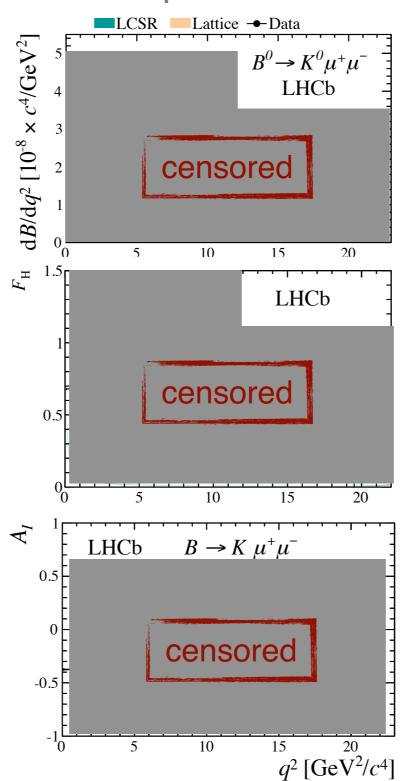


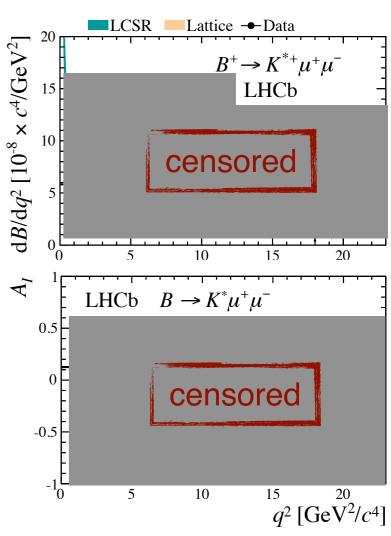
# $B_d \rightarrow K(*)\mu^+\mu^-$



#### 2011+2012 updates for Moriond:







Next week uncensored!

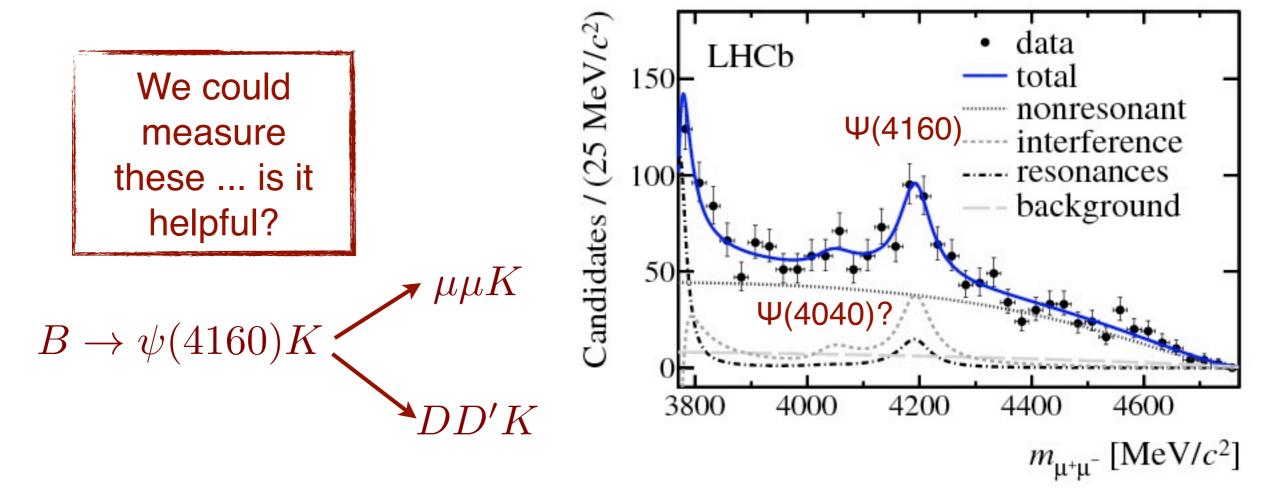


# $B_d \rightarrow K(*)\psi$



LHCb recently observed an unexpectedly large resonant contribution in B→Kμμ. Even the golden modes cannot escape QCD!

LHCb-PAPER-2013-039 [1307.7595]



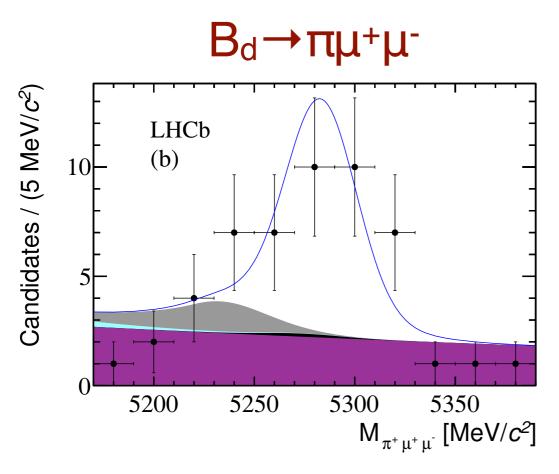
Need cc components properly included (central values + error budget).



## More Penguins



2011 Data Only! 3x stats in hand.



LHCb-PAPER-2012-020 [1210.2645]

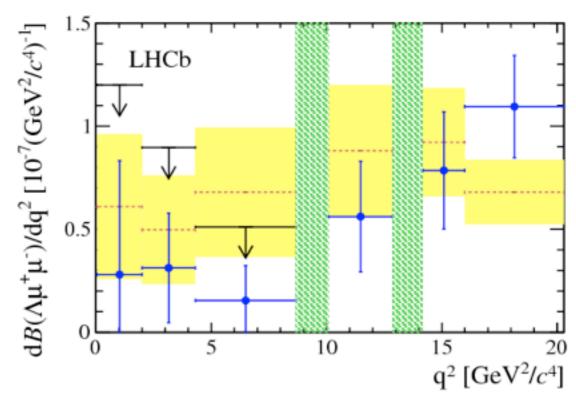
$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \to \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \to K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)} = 0.053 \pm 0.014 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.001 \text{ (syst.)}.$$

Update to 3/fb early summer. With theory help can obtain a nice measurement of IVtdl/IVtsl.

$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^-$$

Update to 3/fb early summer.

LHCb-PAPER-2013-025 [1306.2577]

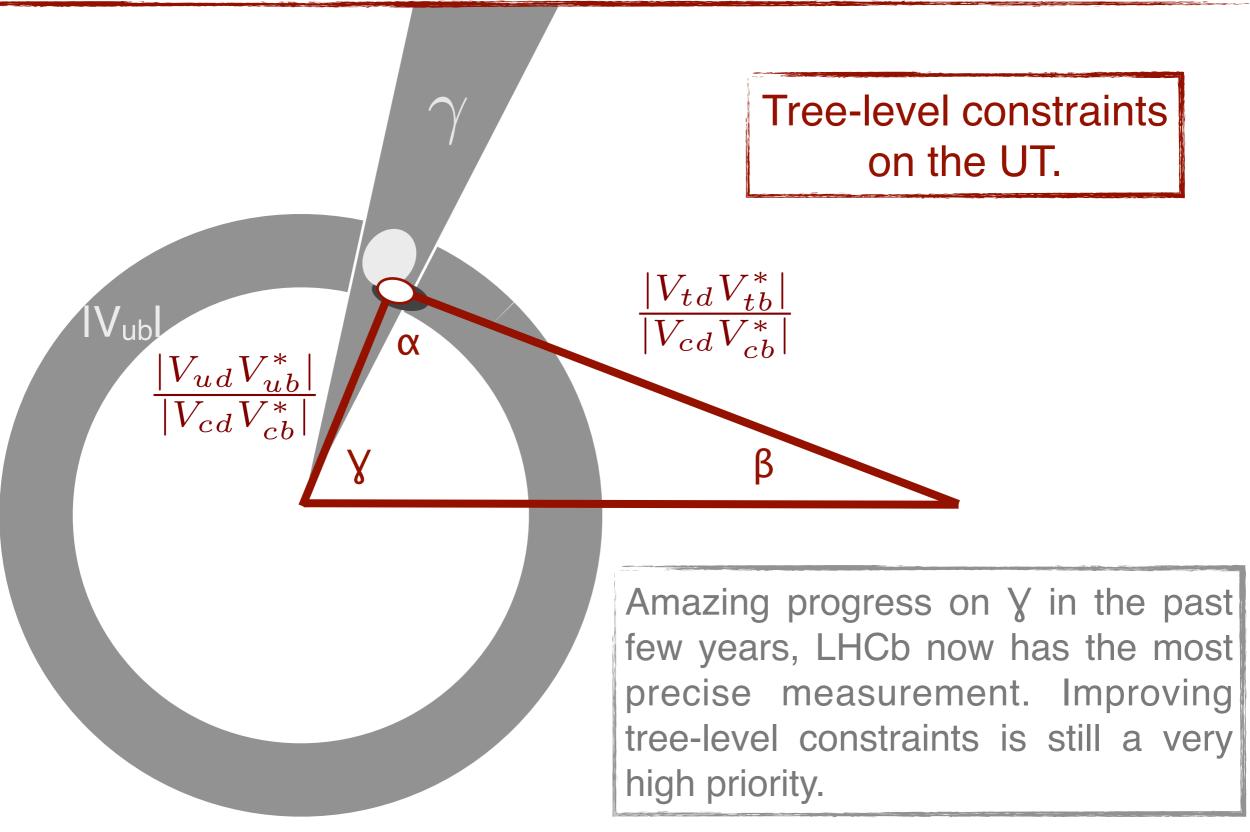


TH: Detmold, Lin, Meinel, Wingate [1212.4872]



### **Unitarity Triangle**



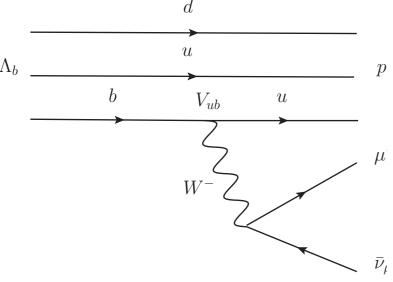




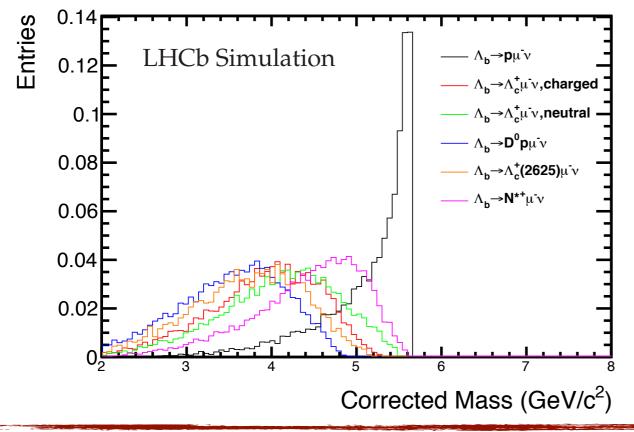
### Vub



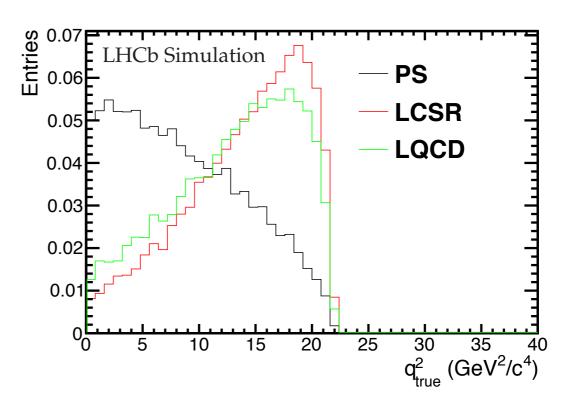
#### Measure IVubl/IVcbl via B(Λb→pμv)/B(Λb→Λcμν):



use PV→SV direction to correct for missing v and determine q2 (with 2-fold ambiguity)



LCSR: Khodjamirian, Klein, Mannel, Wang [1108.2971] LQCD: Detmold, Lin, Meinel, Wingate [1306.0446]



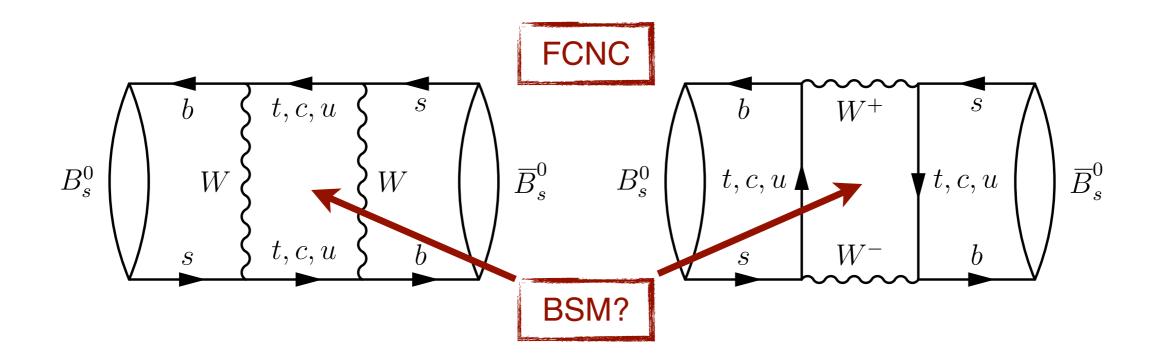
Need FF to convert B/B → CKM ratio and to understand BKGD shapes.



### $\Delta m_{d,s}$



Neutral meson oscillations have now been observed in the K, B<sub>d</sub>, B<sub>s</sub> and D systems. The B<sub>s</sub> has the highest oscillation frequency and changes flavor on average 9 times between production and decay.



Measuring the  $B_d$  and  $B_s$  oscillations frequencies provides direct constraints on the UT and also vital input to many BSM searches, e.g.,  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$ .

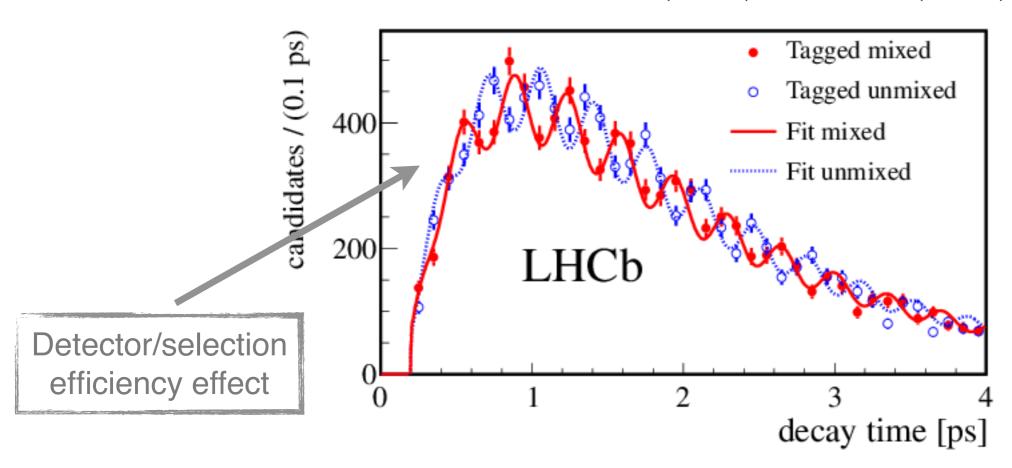


## $\Delta m_{d,s}$



LHCb achieves a mean decay-time resolution in this mode of 44 fs!

$$\Delta m_s = 17.768 \pm 0.023 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.006 (\text{syst}) \text{ps}^{-1}$$



LHCb-PAPER-2013-006 [arXiv:1304.4741]

LHCb-PAPER-2013-006 [arXiv:1304.4741]

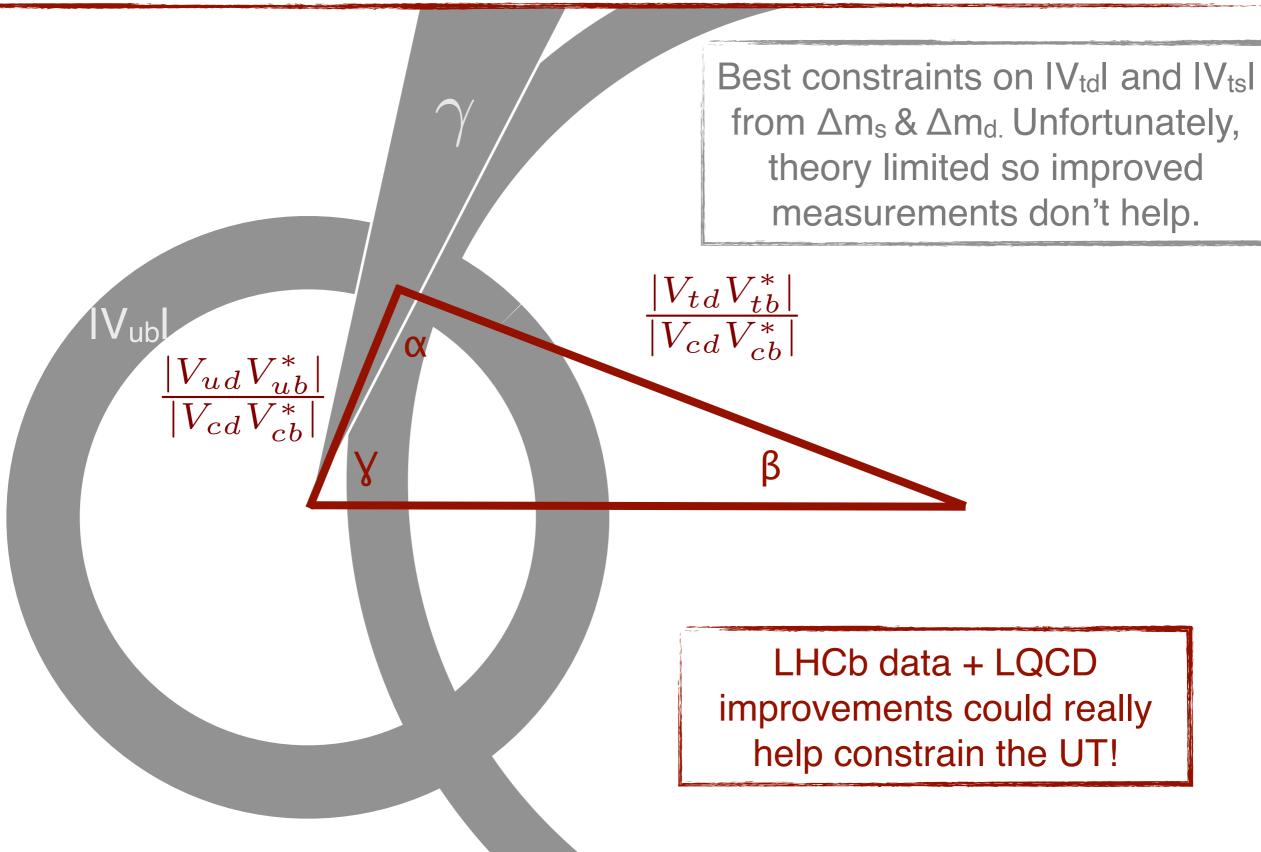
LHCb has also made the most precise measurement of the Bd frequency:

$$\Delta m_d = 0.5156 \pm 0.0051(\text{stat}) \pm 0.0033(\text{syst}) \,\text{ps}^{-1}$$



## $\Delta m_{d,s}$



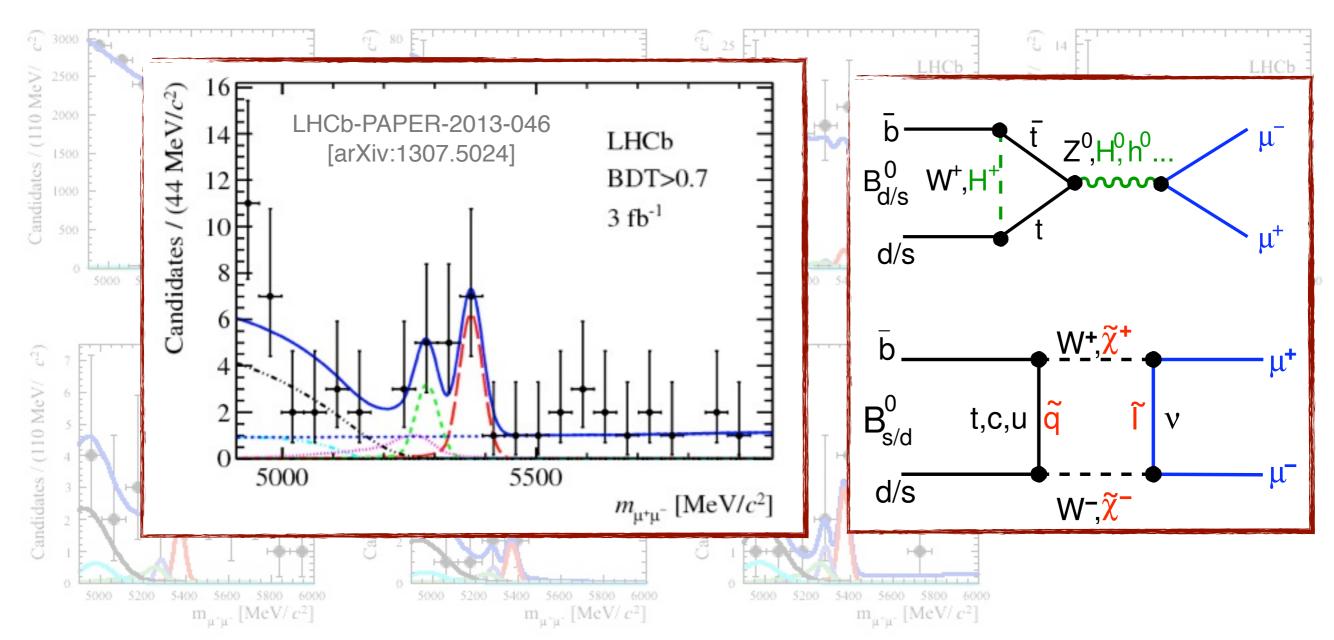




## $B_{d,s} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



The SM predicts the B<sub>s</sub> decays into two muons once every 3.4B decays (1/1.6T pp collisions @ LHCb), but this can be enhanced greatly by BSM.



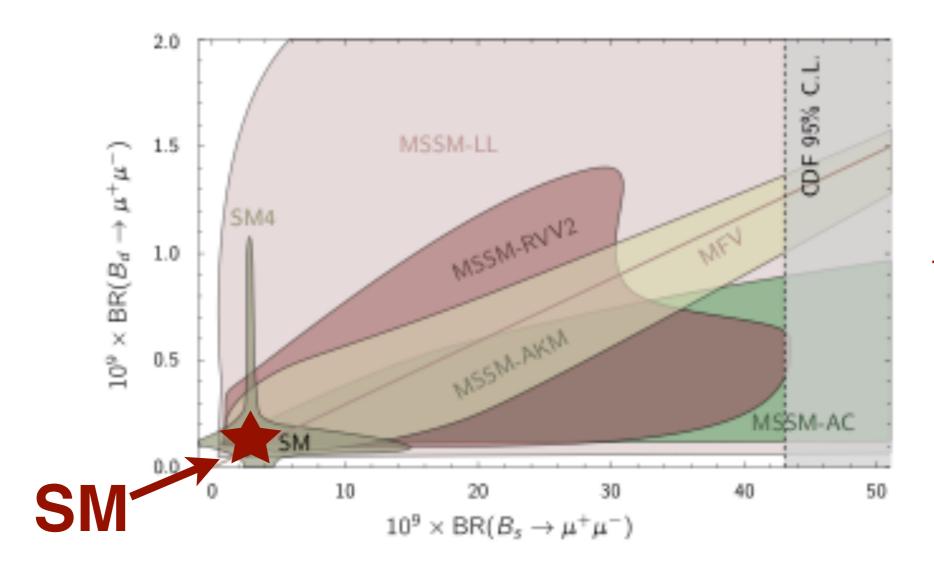
Very interesting channel to explore NP models with extended Higgs sectors. Sensitive to "any" mass scale. Pre-LHC limits not very restrictive.



# $B_{d,s} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



Pre-LHC limits on SUSY not very restrictive.



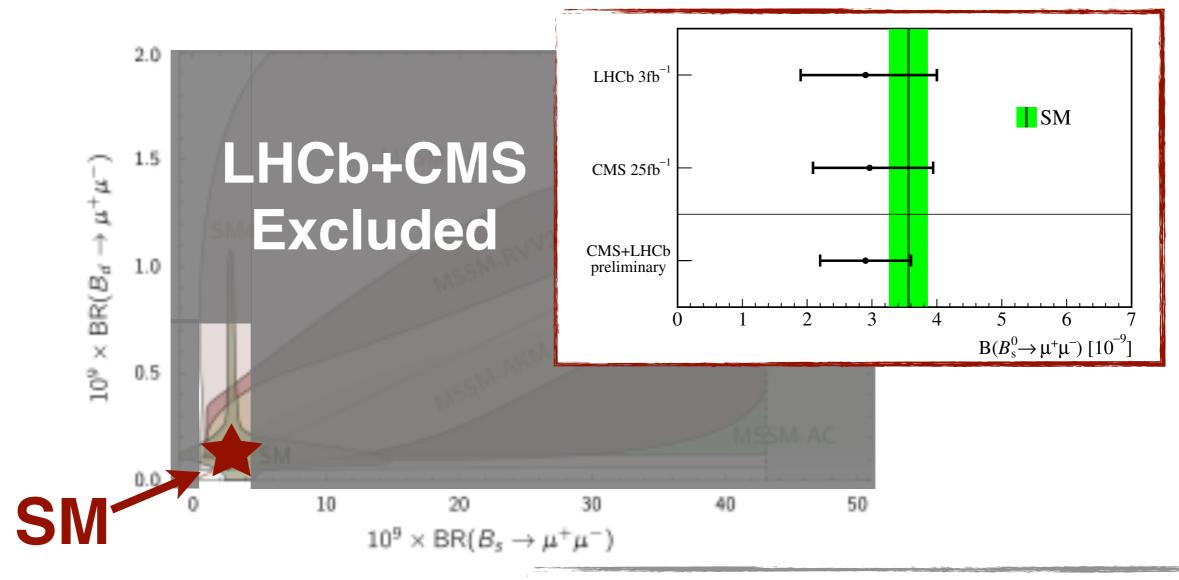
TH: David Straub



## $B_{d,s} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



Both CMS & LHCb report  $> 4\sigma$  evidence.



Dominant experimental systematic from fs/fd. Recent help from MILC [1202.6346]

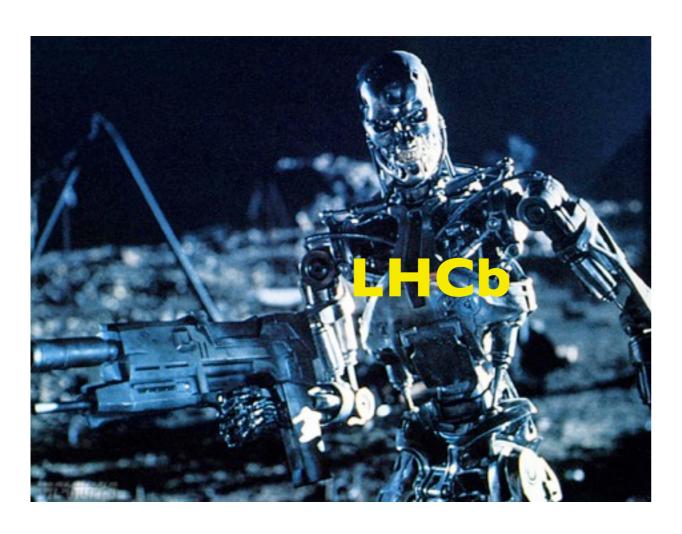
LHC Run III LHCb+CMS will push experimental error < theory.



## Summary



LHCb has performed excellently and produced very nice results using 1/fb of 2011 data. Unfortunately so far we're the anomaly terminator.





We have 3x the statistics "in hand" with new results expected soon. Hopefully this time we're the good terminator from the sequel!



### Summary



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### Summary



As our error bars continue to shrink in the coming years as data flows in

during LHC Run II (and beyond) ...



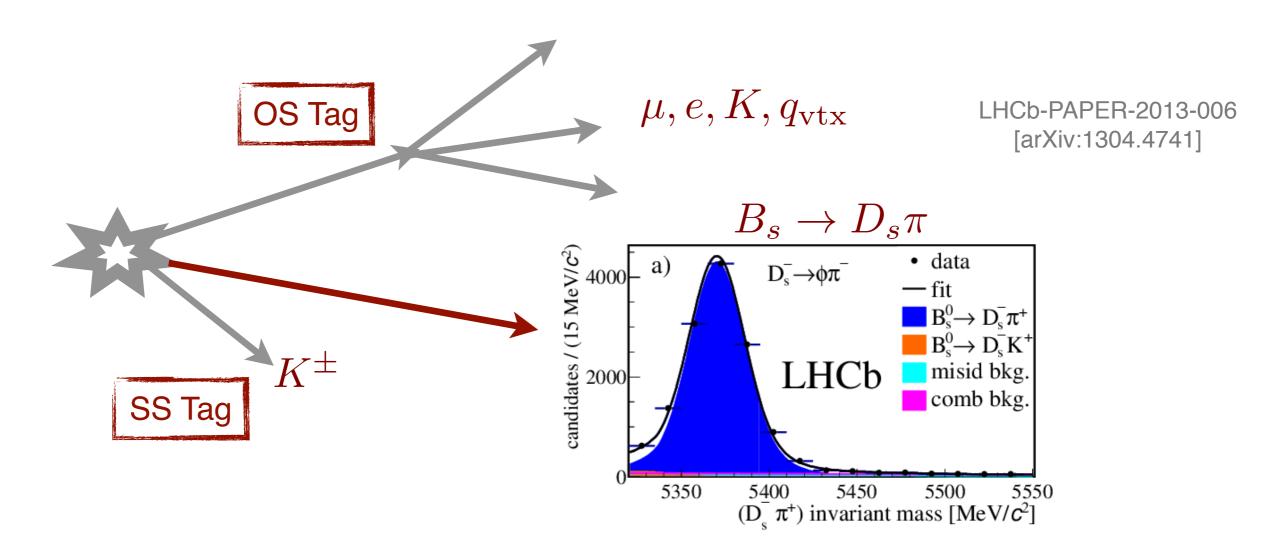
... we really need theory support so that our measurements continue to provide relevant physics constraints.



### $\Delta m_s$



Basic strategy to measure  $B_s$  oscillations: Reconstruct the  $B_s$  in a flavor-specific decay and also tag its flavor at production.



LHCb sees ~34k signal events in 1/fb of data (2011) with an effective tagging power of (2.6±0.4)% from OST and (1.2±0.3)% from SST.